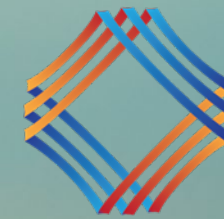


Empowering the Grid: Unleashing the Potential of Self-Healing Solid-State Transformers

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RESILIENT
POWER

Bridging the Gap in EV Charging Infrastructure

Solid State Transformers; Promises and Challenges

PROMISES

- Advanced substation to enable new functionalities.
- Enhance control of power flow, grid voltage support.
- Increasing reliability, resiliency, efficiency, flexibility and security of the grid.



CHALLENGES

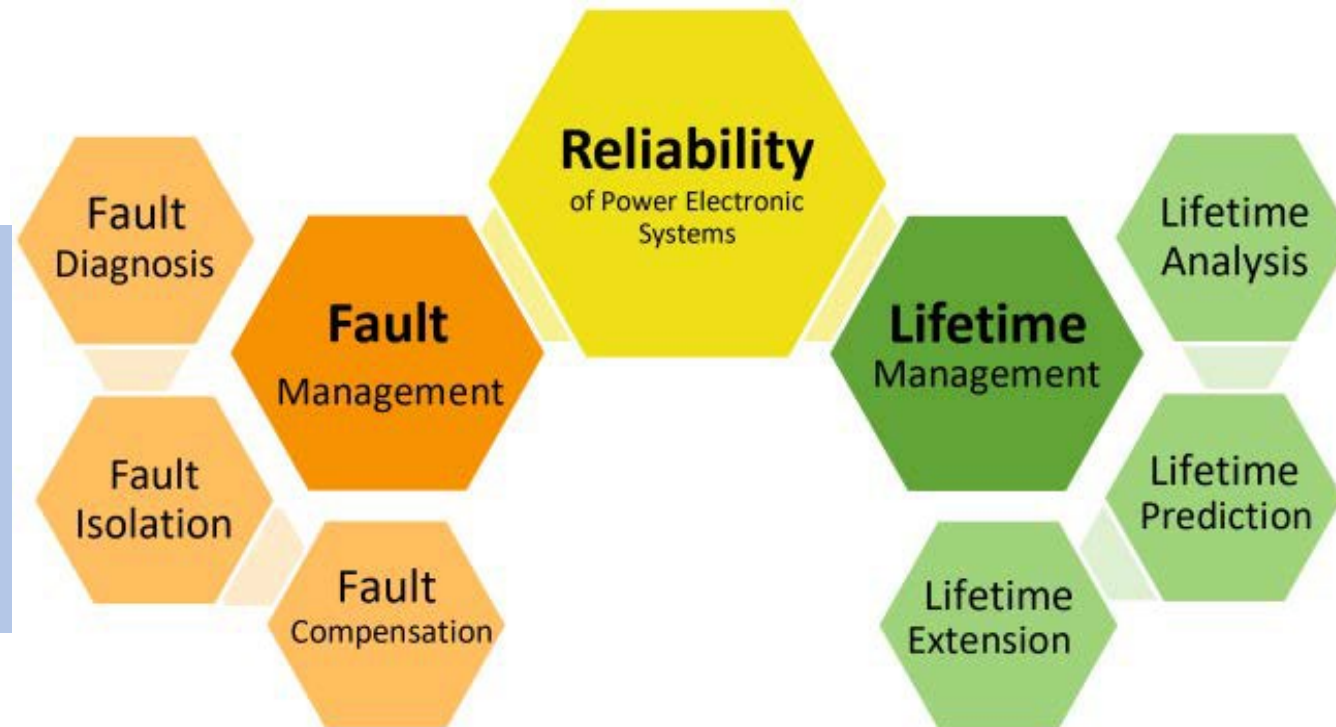
- Reliability
- Cost
- Size
- Stresses from internal and external faults i.e lightning surge and short circuits

Reliability of Power Electronics Systems

Reliability can be discussed from two aspects:

Fault management

It deals with catastrophic faults and how to protect the system.



Lifetime management

It is about predicting and extending the lifetime of power converter.

Redundancy Improves Reliability

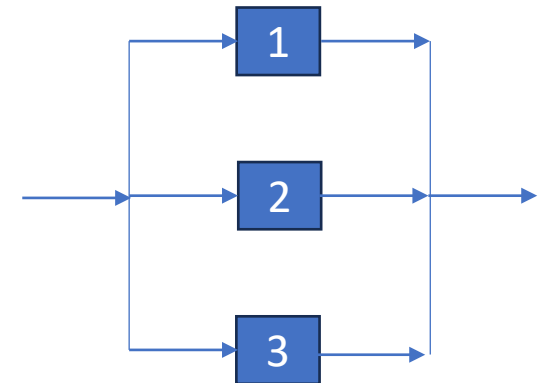
- Serial Reliability

- Even best components aren't enough
- $R(t)_{serial} = R_1(t) * R_2(t) * R_3(t)$
- Example : $0.9 * 0.9 * 0.9 = 0.73$



- Parallel Reliability

- Redundancy improves reliability
- $R(t)_{parallel} = 1 - [(1 - R_1(t)) * (1 - R_2(t)) * (1 - R_3(t))]$
- Example : $3 @ 0.9 = 0.999$

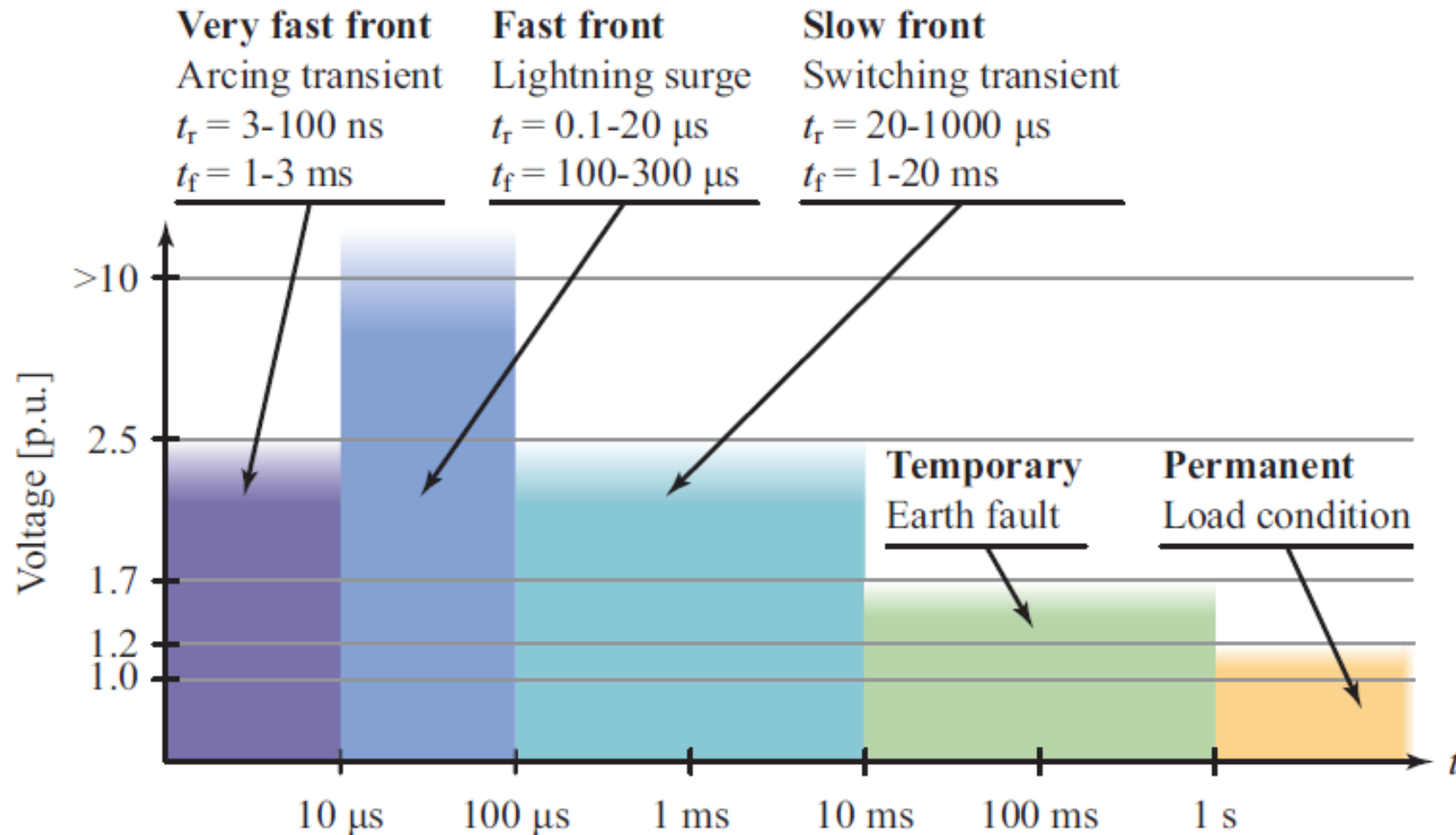


SST's components over-stresses

- **Internal faults:** Should not have significant impact on the grid or load
- **Transient Over Voltages:** Such as lightning surge, and switching transients due to capacitor switching and fault clearing
- **MV-side or LV-side faults:** Producing over voltage and over current stresses. The SST control system stops gating in microseconds range.
- **Thermal stresses**



Transient over voltages in MV grid



NERC Guidance on Transient Over Voltages Ride Through for Inverter Based Resources

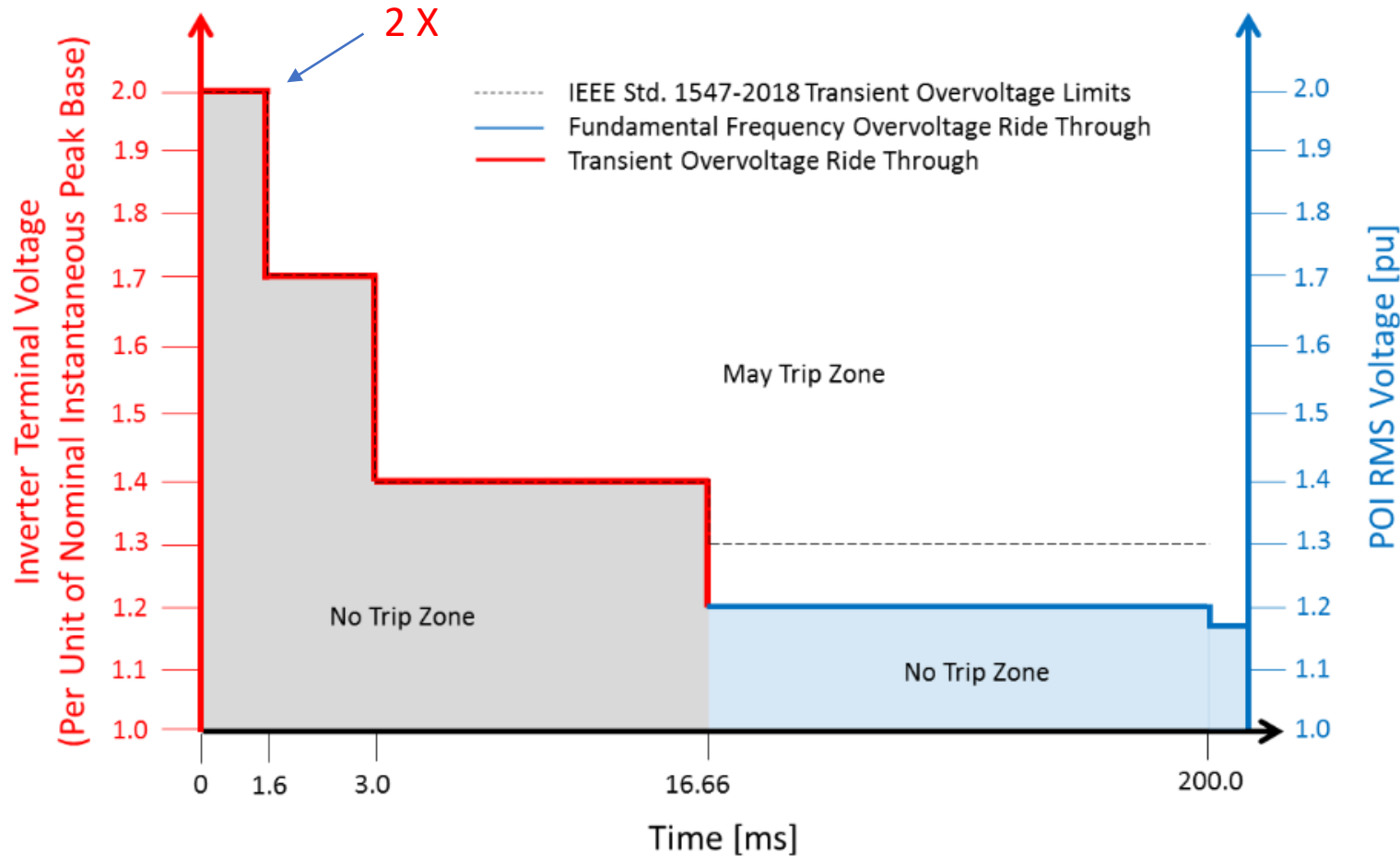


Figure 4.6: Recommended Overvoltage Ride-Through Curve

Table 4.1: Recommended Overvoltage Ride-Through Characteristic		
Curve Section	Voltage (pu)	Time (sec)
Instantaneous Inverter Terminal Voltage	≥ 2.000	Instantaneous Trip Acceptable
	≥ 1.700	0.0016
	≥ 1.400	0.003
Fundamental Frequency RMS POI Voltage	≥ 1.200	0.0167
	≥ 1.175	0.20
	≥ 1.150	0.50
	≥ 1.100	1.00

Introducing Self-Healing Solid-State Transformers (SSTs) for Grid Applications

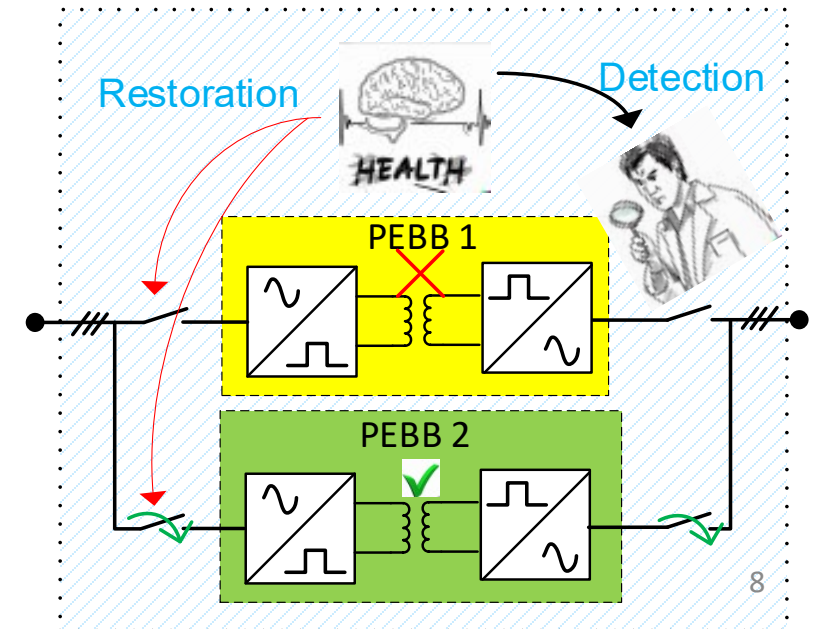
Conventional transformer

- Limited controllability
- Vulnerable to faults



Self-healing SSTs

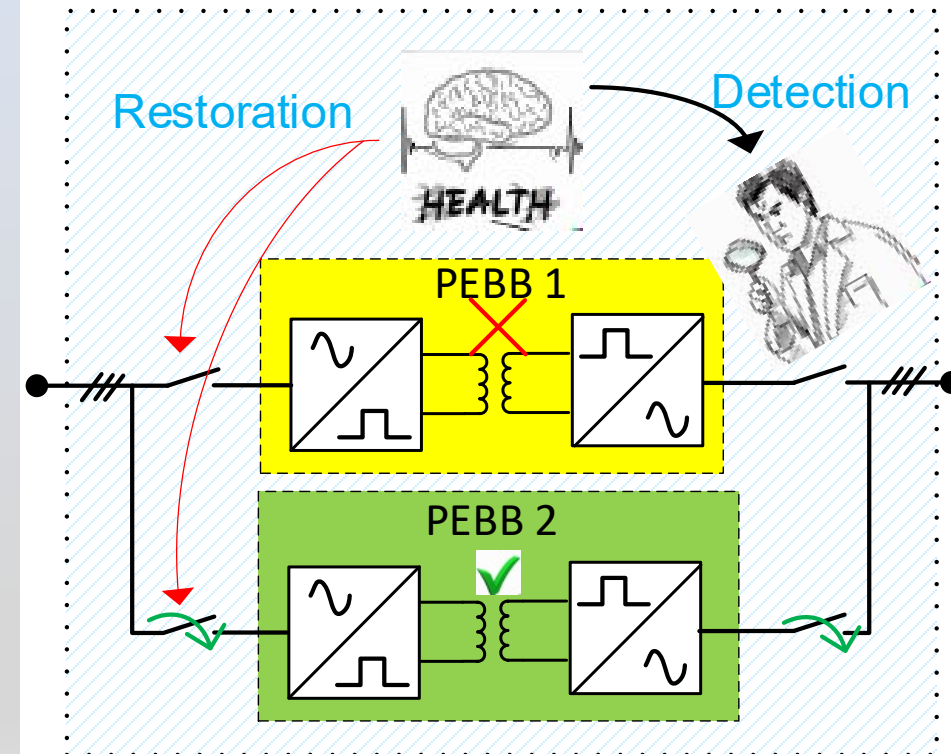
- Combines the functionalities of conventional transformers with advance power electronics control systems
- Automatic fault detection and restoration
- Improved grid resilience, reduced downtime and enhanced fault tolerance
- Integration of SST's with smart grid technologies for efficient power distribution and grid management



What are self-healing SSTs?

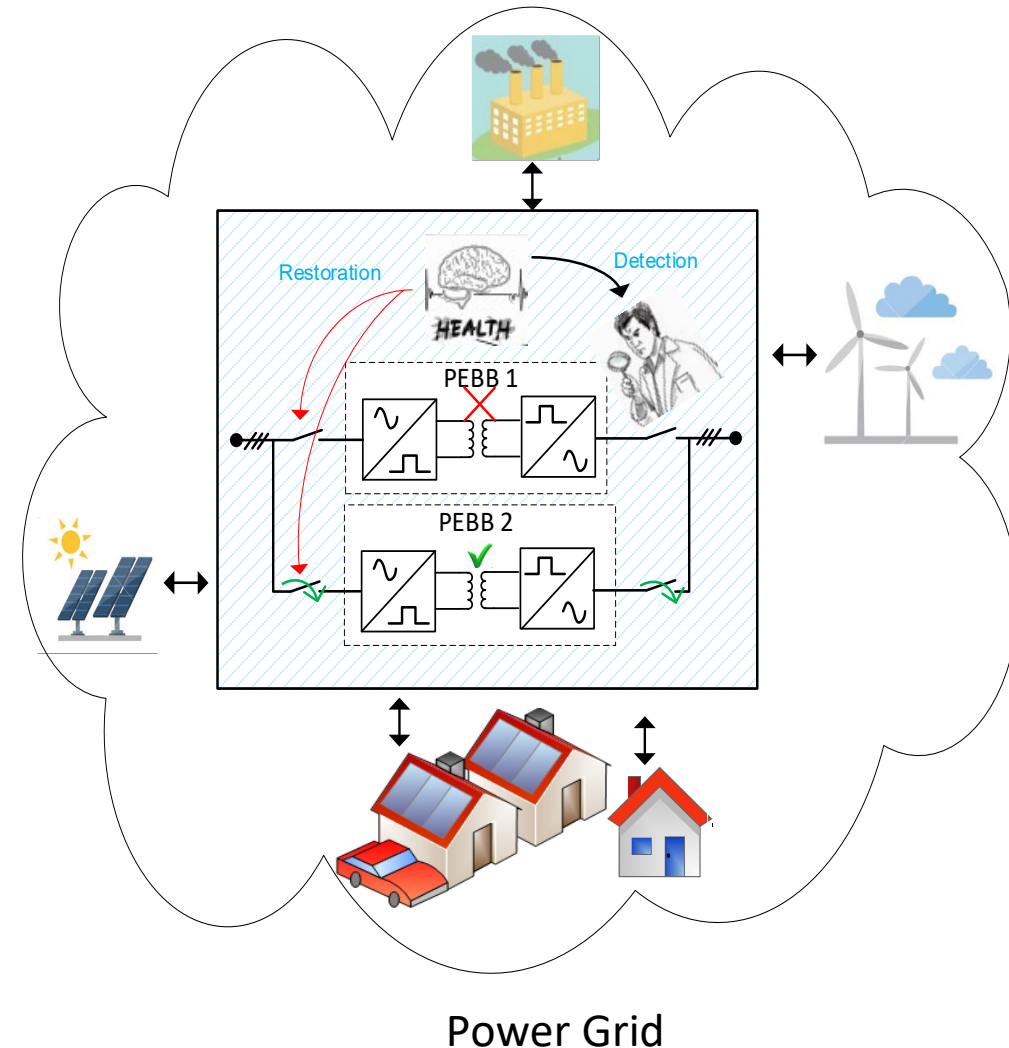
A revolutionary technology leveraging advanced power electronics and control system enabling :

- **Fault Detection and Diagnostics**– *Equipped with sensors and continuously monitor the SST performance and detect any deviations from normal operations.*
- **Isolation and Bypassing of the failure**
- **Adaptive Control and Reconfiguration**– *Dynamic reconfiguration of the SST in response to the faults. It optimizes the power flow and ensures grid's stability.*
- **Fault Repair and Restoration**– *Perform self-repair. Including components re-routing or changing the switching patterns of devices.*



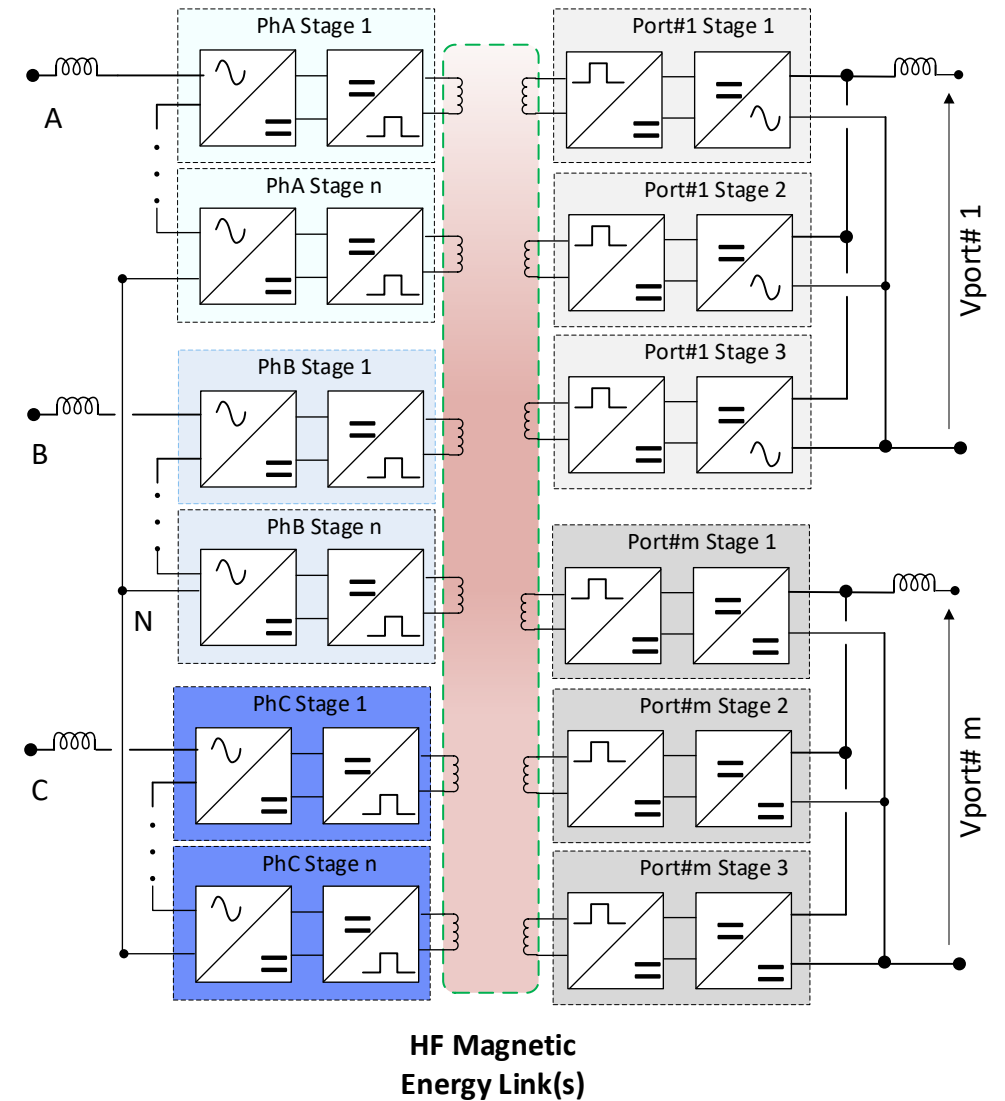
Advantages of Self-Healing SST's in Power Grid

- **Enhanced Grid Resilience and Reliability**
 - Minimized downtime during grid disturbances
 - Reduces the risk of cascading failures
 - Enhances grid stability under challenging conditions
- **Improved Power Quality**
 - Efficient voltage regulation and power flow control
 - Mitigates voltage sags and surges
- **Smart Grid Integration**
 - Seamless integration with smart grid technologies
 - Enables real-time monitoring and control
 - Supports grid management and optimization
- **Cost Savings**
 - Reduces maintenance expenses with self-repair capabilities
 - Minimizes revenue losses due to reduced downtime
 - Long-term savings through enhanced grid performance
- **Future-Proof Technology**
 - Adaptable to evolving grid *requirements*
 - Potential for scalability and upgradability
 - Aligns with the future vision of grid modernization

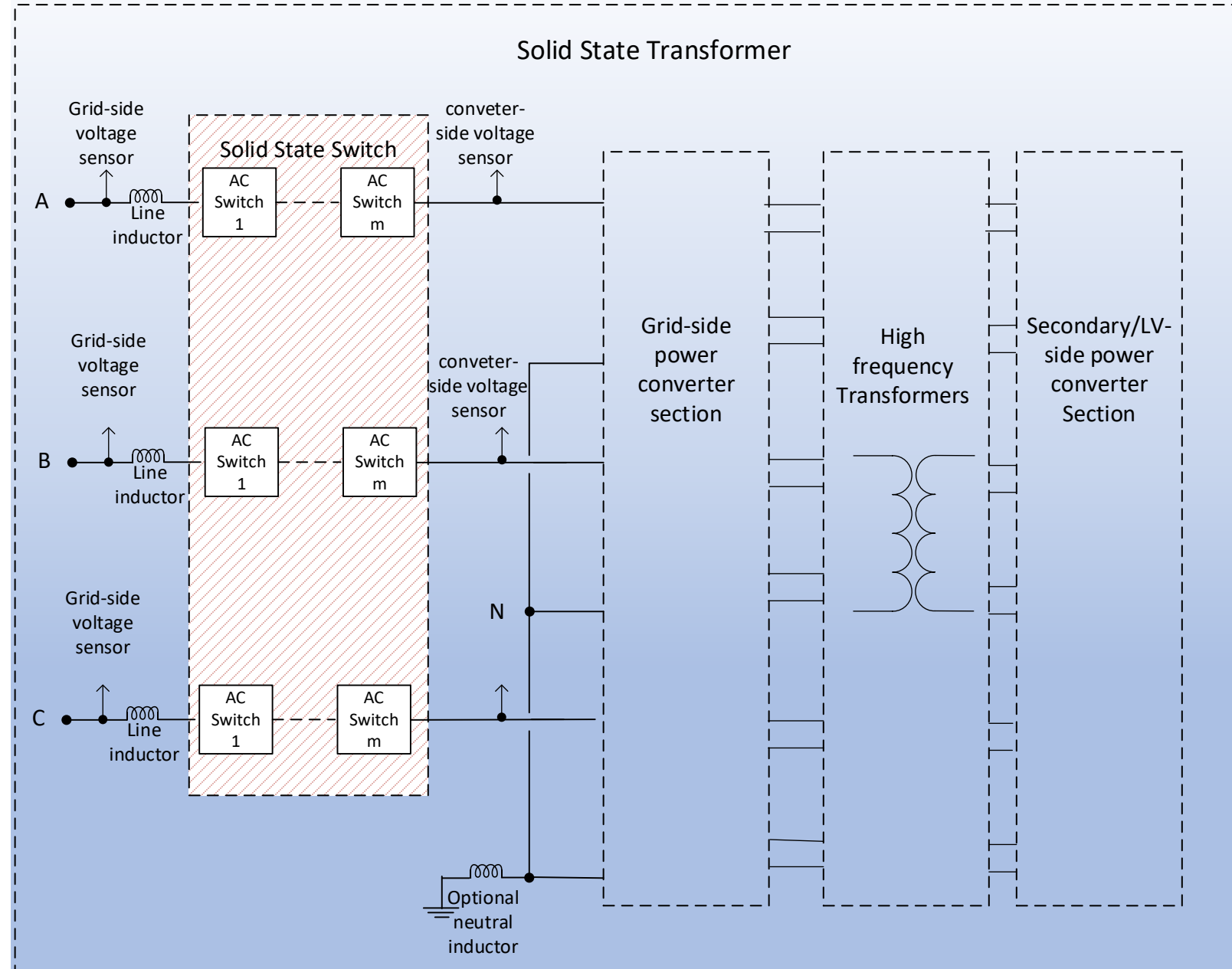


Resilient Power Technology

- Modular and scalable
- **(N+ x) redundancy in each section**
- Use of a common intelligent power module (IPM) throughout converter
- Use of reliable, proven, low-cost low voltage power devices
- Reconfigurable, self healed through redundancy and bypass
- Withstand 2x rated voltage for 1 min
- Magnetic-link and synchronous switching (RPS patent IP)
- Low capacitance in DC bus (Film capacitor)
- Arc flash free on the output ports

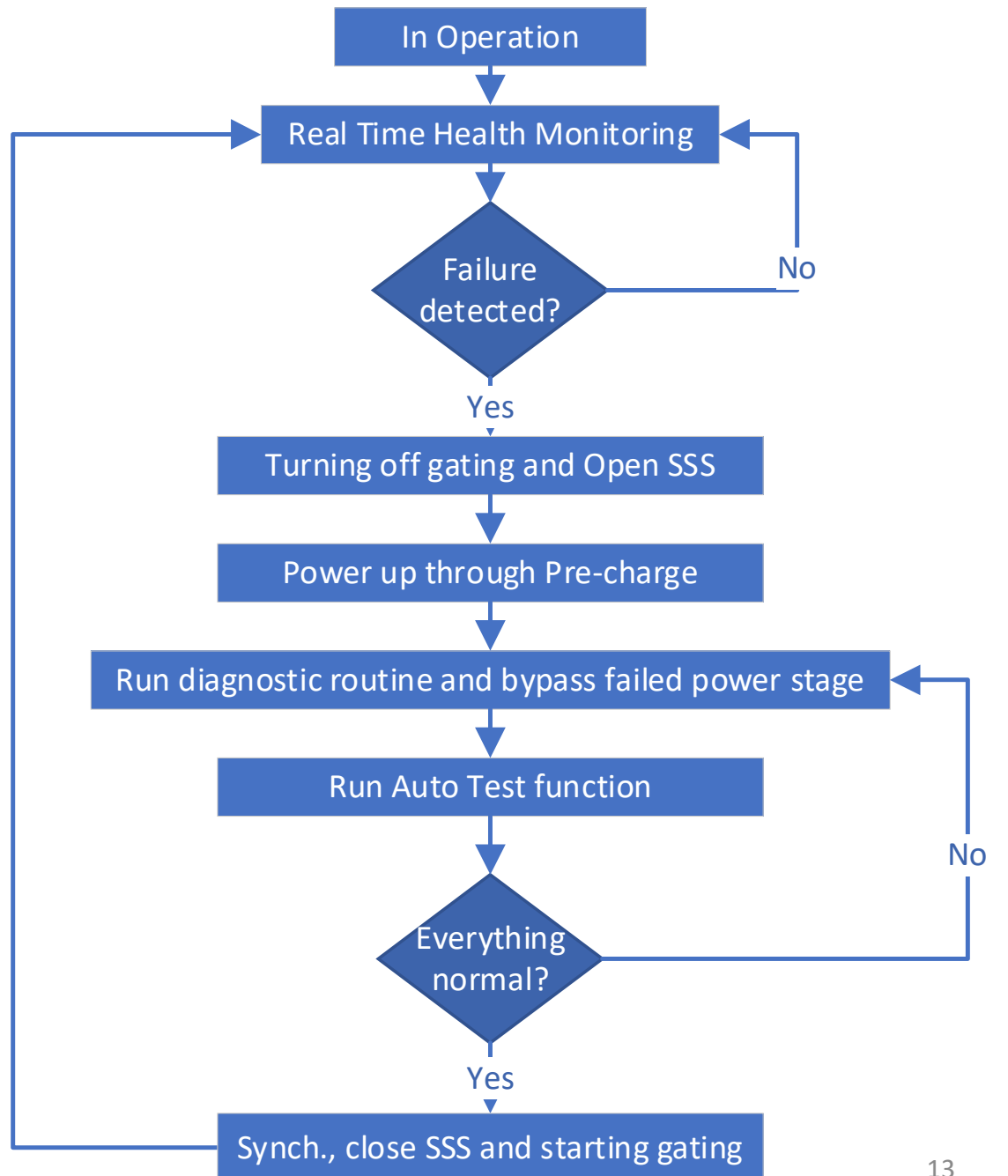


Fault Isolation and Reconfiguration



- **Solid State Switch** to isolate the failures
- Distributed sensors and real time health monitoring(μ Secs)
- Bypass capabilities within each section
- Self-test function at rated voltage with aux. power

Self Healing Routine



Summary

1.Challenges in SST Technology:

Reliability, size, and cost remain major obstacles impeding the widespread adoption of SST technology.

2.Redundancy for Enhanced Reliability:

Incorporating redundancy in components, such as redundant power modules, significantly boosts the reliability of SSTs and plays a vital role in enabling their self-healing capabilities.

3.Stress-Resistant SSTs:

SSTs demonstrate remarkable endurance against internal failures, grid faults, and transient overvoltages caused by switching or lightning through robust component monitoring and self-healing capabilities.

4.Real-time Component Monitoring:

The Self-Healing SST efficiently detects faults, performs isolation, reconfiguration, and promptly restores service by continuously monitoring its components in real-time.

5.Empowering Grid Resilience:

Self-Healing SSTs offer unmatched reliability, enhance grid resilience, and seamlessly integrate into smart grids, paving the way for a robust and efficient power distribution system.