Used Fuel Disposition Campaign

GDSA Planning for FY2017

Paul Mariner, Glenn Hammond, Emily Stein, David Sevougian, and Jennifer Frederick Sandia National Laboratories

2016 UFD Group Meeting UNLV, Las Vegas, Nevada June 8, 2016

Sandia National Laboratories is a multi-program laboratory managed and operated by Sandia Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary of Lockheed Martin Corporation, for the U.S. Department of Energy's National Nuclear Security Administration under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000. SAND2016-5389 PE

Used Fuel Disposition

GDSA Planning for FY2017

Basic Code Needs

- Add/upgrade basic GDSA processes and capabilities
- Improve code efficiency, convergence, gridding techniques

Applications

- Upgrade GDSA reference case models in the various host rocks
- Expand and improve uncertainty and sensitivity analyses
- Design and perform additional analyses to address questions of repository design and prioritization of UFD campaign research

Integration

- Integrate subsystem conceptual models, developed under other disposal research work packages, into the GDSA-PA system model architecture
- Discussion continued in the GDSA Integration Session

Used Fuel Disposition

GDSA To Do List

Basic Code Needs

- Processes and capabilities
 - Canister performance after breach
 - Comprehensive decay and ingrowth
 - Control variate method for PA
 - Dual or multi continuum
 - Grid refinement (e.g. Octree)
 - Optimization (e.g., FMDM)
 - Pitzer equations
 - Solute property
 temperature dependence
 - Withdrawal well
- V&V documentation (workflow)

Items in **bold** are currently at the top of the list for FY2017

Application

- Climate
- Continued fractured media development
 - Revisit engineered barrier
 needs
- Disruptive events
- Multiphase
 - Re-saturation, gas generation, ventilation
- Reactive transport in near field
- Reference biospheres
 - Topography, surface morphology, infiltration, pumping wells
- Updated salt and clay generic repository models
 - Add heterogeneities

Integration

- Process models
 - Biosphere pathways
 - Canister degradation, various
 - Clay deformation
 - Colloid stability/transport
 - Discrete fracture network enhancements
 - Early WP failure
 - Flow through WPs
 - FMDM enhancements
 - Glass dissolution
 - Neutron activation
 - Non-Darcy flow
 - Solid solution model
 - THM for buffer materials
 - THM for salt repository
 - THMC with clay illitization

Data

- Process model input parameters
- Properties of solutes, phases, materials, and formations